



# One World Week Quiz 2011

## Living for One World



### Questions and Answers

#### Quiz Master:

- Award 1 point for each correct answer unless otherwise stated in the answer section.
- The section in italics provides additional information about each answer. You could give this information to the participants when you run through the answers.

Section 1: Environment		
No	Question	Answer
1.	How many thousand cubic meters of bottled water were consumed in 2004? a) 54,381 b) 84,381 c) 104,381 d) 154,381	<b>d) 154,381</b> <i>That means we drink nearly 309 trillion bottles of water a year in total. The vast majority of which is consumed in Europe, followed by North America.</i> Source: <a href="http://www.worldwater.org">www.worldwater.org</a>
2.	According to BP, which country consumed the most oil in 2010?	<b>The USA</b> <i>The USA consumes 19,148 thousand barrels of oil, daily. This is 21.1% of the world's total consumption. China comes in second, consuming 9,057 thousand barrels daily. The UK consumes 1.8% of the world total.</i> Source: <a href="http://www.bp.com/sectionbodycopy.do?categoryId=7500&amp;contentId=7068481">http://www.bp.com/sectionbodycopy.do?categoryId=7500&amp;contentId=7068481</a>
3.	According to the UN, how many species of plants and animals are known to be threatened with extinction? a) nearly 2,000 b) nearly 7,000 c) nearly 17,000 d) nearly 27,000	<b>c) Nearly 17,000</b> <i>According to the UN's 2010 Millennium Development Goals Report, if current trends continue, species loss will continue throughout the century. This will have damaging effects on society, as billions of people rely on diverse species of plants and animals for their livelihoods and often for their very survival.</i> Source: <a href="http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml">http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml</a>
4.	How much water does the average person in the UK use per day, taking into account cooking, cleaning, washing and flushing?	<b>150 litres per day</b> <i>This figure has been rising by 1% every year since 1930, and is not a sustainable level of consumption. The UK has less available water per person than most European countries.</i> Source: <a href="http://www.waterwise.org.uk">http://www.waterwise.org.uk</a>
5.	True or false: 'There is more carbon dioxide in the atmosphere now than at any time in at least the last 800,000 years'.	<b>True.</b> <i>The Earth's climate has always changed naturally in the past. But what is happening now is potentially a big change in the Earth's climate, this time caused mainly by human activity.</i> Source: <a href="http://www.direct.gov.uk/en/Environmentandgreenerliving/">http://www.direct.gov.uk/en/Environmentandgreenerliving/</a>

6.	<p>According to the UN, what percentage of the planet's land area is currently under protection?</p> <p>a) 2% b) 12% c) 18% d) 25%</p>	<p><b>c) 12%</b></p> <p><i>In 2009, only half of the world's 821 terrestrial ecoregions had more than 10 per cent of their area protected. Under the Convention on Biological Diversity, one tenth of the areas of all these ecoregions should have been under protection by 2010.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml">http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml</a></p>
7.	<p>Which continent is most vulnerable to climate change?</p>	<p><b>Africa.</b></p> <p><i>According to the UN, Africa is one of the most vulnerable continents to climate change. 33 of the world's Least Developed Countries are in Africa. These countries often lack the capacity to adapt to climate change. Over 70% of the population in the Least Developed countries live in rural areas and are very exposed to the effects of land degradation, drought, deforestation and water pollution.</i></p> <p>Source: UN-OHRLS Report: The Impact of Climate Change on the Development Prospects of the Least Developed Countries and Small Island Developing States (2009) <a href="http://www.unohrlls.org/en/publications/">http://www.unohrlls.org/en/publications/</a></p>
8.	<p>How many pounds (in weight) of wildlife do fishermen remove from the seas each year?</p> <p>a) Over 70 million b) Over 170 million c) Over 70 billion d) Over 170 billion</p>	<p><b>d) Over 170 billion pounds</b></p> <p><i>The catch from high-seas areas is nearly ten times what it was in 1950, rising from from 1.6 million metric tons to around 13 million metric tons.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://ngm.nationalgeographic.com/2010/10/seafood-crisis/greenberg-text/2">http://ngm.nationalgeographic.com/2010/10/seafood-crisis/greenberg-text/2</a></p>
9.	<p>In 2007, which country ate the most meat?</p>	<p><b>Luxembourg.</b></p> <p><i>According to 2007 statistics, Luxembourg consumes 136.73kg of meat per person, per year. India consumes the least meat, at 3.26kg per person, per year.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://chartsbin.com/view/bhy">http://chartsbin.com/view/bhy</a> (Data taken from the UN, 2010)</p>
10.	<p>List <u>3</u> things <u>you</u> can do to reduce your carbon footprint.</p>	<p>Possible answers include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Insulate your home</b></li> <li>• <b>Turn down your central heating by one degree</b></li> <li>• <b>Use energy efficient lighting and appliances</b></li> <li>• <b>Try not to fly. Choosing to forgo even one flight a year can significantly reduce your overall carbon footprint.</b></li> <li>• <b>Car share</b></li> <li>• <b>Walk or ride your bike for short journeys</b></li> <li>• <b>Eat local, seasonal, fresh, unprocessed food</b></li> <li>• <b>Reduce the amount of waste you produce and re-use or recycle as much as you can</b></li> <li>• <b>Whenever you buy something, go for the most eco-friendly option</b></li> </ul> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk">http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk</a> Award 1 point for each correct action given.</p>

## Section 2: Religion

11.	In which book of the Bible is the Garden of Eden mentioned?	<p><b>Genesis</b>  <i>Reference to a garden in Eden is first made in Genesis, Chapter 2, Verse 8</i></p> <p>Source: The Holy Bible, New International Version (1978)</p>
12.	Hindus, Buddhists, Jains and Sikhs believe in the concept of 'karma'. What does 'karma' mean?	<p><b>Karma is the law of cause and effect; one's good intentions and actions lead to positive outcomes, and actions with unethical intentions have negative consequences.</b>  <i>The interpretation of 'karma' differs slightly between Hinduism, Buddhism, Sikhism and Jainism.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/7425203.stm">http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/7425203.stm</a></p>
13.	Jews, Christians and Muslims believe that God sent Moses Ten Commandments. Can you list any 3 of these?	<p><b>The 10 Commandments are, (in abbreviated form):</b>  <b>1)You shall have no other gods but me</b>  <b>2)You shall not make for yourself an idol</b>  <b>3)You shall not misuse the name of the Lord</b>  <b>4)Keep the Sabbath holy</b>  <b>5)Honour your father and your mother</b>  <b>6)You shall not murder</b>  <b>7)You shall not commit adultery</b>  <b>8)You shall not steal</b>  <b>9)You shall not give false testimony against your neighbour</b>  <b>10)You shall not long for your neighbour's house, wife or belongings</b></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.arcworld.org/faiths.asp?pageID=48">http://www.arcworld.org/faiths.asp?pageID=48</a>  <i>Award 1 point for each correct Commandment given.</i></p>
14.	Who do Muslims believe was the last Prophet and Messenger of God?	<p><b>The Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him)</b>  <i>Muslims believe in the message of the Prophets of the Old Testament and that Jesus was also a Prophet.</i>  <i>After saying Prophet Muhammad, and the name of all other Prophets, Muslims say 'may God's peace and blessings be upon him', to show love and respect.</i></p> <p>Source:  <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/islam/beliefs/beliefs.shtml">http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/islam/beliefs/beliefs.shtml</a></p>
15.	In which country is the world headquarters of the Baha'i faith located?	<p><b>Israel (in Haifa).</b>  <i>The Shrine of the Bab, the second holiest place for Baha'is, and the Seat of the Universal House of Justice, (the supreme legislative institution of the Baha'i faith), are located in Haifa, Israel. These, together with other administrative buildings in this area, make up the Baha'i World Centre. The holiest place for Bahai's, the Shrine of Bahau'llah, is also in Israel, near Acre.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.bahai.org/">http://www.bahai.org/</a> and  <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bah%C3%A1%27%C3%AD_Faith">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bah%C3%A1%27%C3%AD_Faith</a></p>

16.	Who founded Sikhism?	<p><b>Guru Nanak</b>  <i>Sikhism was founded in the 16<sup>th</sup> century in the Punjab region of what is now Pakistan. Sikhism is based on the teachings of Guru Nanak and of the 9 Sikh gurus who followed him.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/sikhism/">http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/sikhism/</a></p>
17.	In Christianity, what does Good Friday commemorate?	<p><b>The execution of Jesus Christ by crucifixion</b>  <i>Good Friday is the most sombre day in the Christian calendar. During special Good Friday services, Christians think about Jesus' suffering and death on the cross, and its significance.</i>  <i>In some countries it is traditional to have a Good Friday procession, and re-enactment of the Crucifixion.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/christianity/holydays/easter.shtml">http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/christianity/holydays/easter.shtml</a></p>
18.	What is the Sanskrit name for the 'Festival of Lights', celebrated by Hindus, Sikhs, Jains and some Buddhists, between Mid-October and Mid-November?	<p><b>Diwali</b>  <i>This is the most popular South Asian festival. It celebrates the victory of good over evil, of light over darkness. Diwali marks different events from scripture in the Hindu, Sikh, Jain and Buddhist traditions.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/hinduism/holydays/diwali.shtml">http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/hinduism/holydays/diwali.shtml</a></p>
19.	What is the role of the Dali Lama?	<p><b>He is the head monk of Tibetan Buddhism</b>  <i>Traditionally, the Dalai Lama was responsible for the governing of Tibet. However, the Chinese government took control of Tibet in 1959.</i>  <i>The current Dalai Lama is Tenzin Gyatso. He is the 14<sup>th</sup> Dalai Lama.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/buddhism/people/dalailama_1.shtml">http://www.bbc.co.uk/religion/religions/buddhism/people/dalailama_1.shtml</a></p>
20.	In Islam, it is a religious duty for believers to give a proportion of their wealth to charity, if they have the financial means. What is the Islamic term for this practice?	<p><b>Zakat</b>  <i>The word zakat means 'purity' or 'to purify'; Muslims believe that giving zakat, or charity, is a way to purify ones wealth in the eyes of God. Muslims believe that wealth is a blessing from God and it is therefore our duty to give some of this back to the most needy.</i>  <i>Zakat is one of the five pillars of Islam and is an obligation upon all believing Muslims.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.islamic-relief.org.uk/Zakat.aspx">http://www.islamic-relief.org.uk/Zakat.aspx</a></p>

### Section 3: International development

<p><b>21.</b> How many people in the world live on less than \$1.25 per day?</p> <p>a) 7.4 million b) 100.4 million c) 750.4 million d) 1.4 billion</p>	<p><b>1.4 billion</b></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.globalpovertyproject.com">http://www.globalpovertyproject.com</a></p>
<p><b>22.</b> According to the Department for International Development (DFID), how many women each year die due to complications in childbirth?</p> <p>a) 50,000 b) 150,000 c) 500,000 d) 750,000</p>	<p><b>c) more than 500,000</b></p> <p><i>According to DFID, 99% of these women live in developing countries.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.dfid.gov.uk/Global-Issues/Millennium-Development-Goals/5-Improve-maternal-health/">http://www.dfid.gov.uk/Global-Issues/Millennium-Development-Goals/5-Improve-maternal-health/</a></p>
<p><b>23.</b> In what year are the Millennium Development Goals (or MDGs) to be achieved by?</p>	<p><b>2015</b></p> <p><i>The MDGs were set in 2000, and were agreed to by all the world's countries and leading development institutions, as the main targets to focus in the fight against global poverty. There are eight goals, which include 'ending poverty and hunger', 'to achieve universal primary education' and 'combating HIV/Aids, malaria and other diseases'.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/aids.shtml">http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/aids.shtml</a></p>
<p><b>24.</b> In the year 2000, a petition calling for the cancellation of 'Third World Debt', was handed to the UN Secretary General. How many signatures did this contain?</p> <p>a) 24 hundred b) 24 thousand c) 2.4 million d) 24 million</p>	<p><b>c) 24 million</b></p> <p><i>According to the Jubilee Debt Campaign, this was the world's biggest and most international petition, with signatures from over 166 countries. It made it into the Guinness Book of Records twice!</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.jubileedebtcampaign.org.uk/?lid=6281">http://www.jubileedebtcampaign.org.uk/?lid=6281</a></p>

25.	<p>According to DFID, in 2007, how many children worldwide were estimated to have lost one or both parents to AIDS?</p> <p>a) <b>1.5 million</b>  b) <b>5 million</b>  c) <b>10 million</b>  d) <b>15 million</b></p>	<p><b>d) 15 million</b></p> <p>Millennium Development Goal Six is to combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other diseases. According to the UN, although rates of AIDS-related mortality have dropped, HIV remains the world's leading infectious killer.</p> <p>Sources: <a href="http://www.dfid.gov.uk/Global-Issues/Millennium-Development-Goals/6-Combat-HIV-and-AIDS-malaria-and-other-diseases/">http://www.dfid.gov.uk/Global-Issues/Millennium-Development-Goals/6-Combat-HIV-and-AIDS-malaria-and-other-diseases/</a>  and  <a href="http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml">http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml</a></p>
26.	<p>Who is the UK Minister for International Development?</p>	<p><b>Andrew Mitchell</b></p>
27.	<p>How much money did people spend globally on Fairtrade products in 2007?</p> <p>a) <b>0.6 billion</b>  b) <b>1.6 billion</b>  c) <b>2.6 billion</b>  d) <b>3.6 billion</b></p>	<p><b>b) 1.6 billion</b></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.fairtrade.org.uk/">http://www.fairtrade.org.uk/</a></p>
28.	<p>While aid continues to rise, only five countries had achieved the UN target of giving 0.7% of Gross National Income by 2009. Can you name <u>one</u> of these countries?</p>	<p><b>The five countries are:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Denmark</b></li> <li>• <b>Luxembourg</b></li> <li>• <b>The Netherlands</b></li> <li>• <b>Norway</b></li> <li>• <b>Sweden</b></li> </ul> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.dfid.gov.uk/Documents/publications1/developments50-mdgs.pdf">http://www.dfid.gov.uk/Documents/publications1/developments50-mdgs.pdf</a></p>
29.	<p>In the financial year 2009/2010, how much did the UK spend on International Development?</p> <p>a) <b>£5,767m</b>  b) <b>£6,767m</b>  c) <b>£7,767m</b></p>	<p><b>c) £7,767m</b></p> <p><i>The UK's Gross Public Expenditure on Development (GPEX) amounted to £7,767m in 2009/10. The DFID aid programme accounted for £6,629m (85%) of this expenditure.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.dfid.gov.uk/About-DFID/Finance-and-performance/Aid-Statistics/">http://www.dfid.gov.uk/About-DFID/Finance-and-performance/Aid-Statistics/</a></p>
30.	<p>According to the Jubilee Debt Campaign, in 2008, what was the total debt of all developing countries?</p> <p>a) <b>\$300.7 million</b>  b) <b>\$900.7 million</b>  c) <b>\$3.7 trillion</b></p>	<p><b>c) 3.7 trillion</b></p> <p><i>According to Jubilee Debt Campaign, developing countries as a whole pay out \$1.5 billion every day in debt repayments. For every \$1 developing countries receive from developed countries in aid, they return \$5 in debt service repayments.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.jubileedebtcampaign.org.uk/?lid=6281">http://www.jubileedebtcampaign.org.uk/?lid=6281</a></p>

**Section 4: Pop culture/in the news**

31.	Which famous entrepreneur pledged in 2006, to spend all profits from his airline and rail businesses, on investments in biofuel research to tackle emissions?	<p><b>Richard Branson</b></p> <p>Source:  <a href="http://www.allamericanspeakers.com/Green_Celebrities_&amp;_Green_Speakers.php">http://www.allamericanspeakers.com/Green_Celebrities_&amp; Green_Speakers.php</a></p>
32.	Name the original artist, title and year of release into the UK charts for this song: <b>'Don't it always seem to go  That you don't know what you've got  'Til it's gone  They paved paradise  And put up a parking lot'</b>	<p><b>Joni Mitchell, 'Big Yellow Taxi', released in 1970.</b></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big_Yellow_Taxi">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big_Yellow_Taxi</a></p>
33.	How many litres of water does it take to produce a single latte, including the materials and manufacture of the paper cup and cardboard sleeve?  <b>a) 2 litres  b) 20 litres  c) 200 litres  d) 2000 litres</b>	<p><b>c) 200 litres</b></p> <p><i>According to the Guardian (using statistics from the WWF), billions of single-use cups are thrown into landfill sites every year. However, ceramic cups are only environmentally preferable if they are reused many times – if a cup is smashed early on, a paper cup works out to be almost as eco-efficient! This is when you factor in the energy used in the manufacturing and washing of a ceramic cup.</i></p> <p>Source:  <a href="http://www.guardian.co.uk/environment/2011/jul/24/ethical-dilemma-paper-cups-ceramic">http://www.guardian.co.uk/environment/2011/jul/24/ethical-dilemma-paper-cups-ceramic</a></p>
34.	Name the original artist, title and year of release into the UK charts for this song:  <b>'People killin', people dyin'  Children hurt and you hear them cryin'  Can you practice what you preach  And would you turn the other cheek'</b>	<p><b>The Black Eyed Peas, 'Where is the Love?', released in 2003.</b></p> <p>Source:  <a href="http://www.azlyrics.com/lyrics/blackeyedpeas/whereisthelove.html">http://www.azlyrics.com/lyrics/blackeyedpeas/whereisthelove.html</a></p>
35.	In what year was the documentary film <i>An Inconvenient Truth</i> , released in the UK?	<p><b>2006</b></p> <p>Source:  <a href="http://boxofficemojo.com/movies/?id=inconvenienttruth.htm">http://boxofficemojo.com/movies/?id=inconvenienttruth.htm</a></p>

36.	Which major world religion held a second annual Environment Day in March this year?	<p><b>Sikh</b>  <i>On March 14, over 200 gurdwaras (Sikh temples) and schools from around the Sikh world, joined in Sikh Environment Day.</i></p> <p><i>March 14 commemorates the Gurgaddi Diwas (enthronement day) of Guru Har Rai ji, the seventh Sikh Guru. He became Guru in 1644, and was a great humanitarian who inspired Sikhs to preserve nature and promote the well-being of animals.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.arcworld.org">http://www.arcworld.org</a></p>
37.	<p>According to the 2011 MDG Report, which country is seeing the fastest growth and sharpest reduction in poverty?</p> <p>a) India  b) China  c) Nigeria  d) Sudan</p>	<p><b>c) China</b>  <i>According to the UN Millennium Development Goals Report 2011, 'the fastest growth and sharpest reductions in poverty continue to be found in Eastern Asia, particularly in China, where the poverty rate is expected to fall to under 5 per cent by 2015.'</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml">http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml</a></p>
38.	Which pop star founded the Rainforest Foundation in 1989, to support indigenous peoples of the worlds' rainforest?	<p><b>Sting</b>  <i>Sting and his wife, Trudie Styler, set up the Rainforest Foundation after witnessing first hand, the destruction of the Amazon rainforests, and the devastating impact this was having on the indigenous peoples who live there.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.rainforestfoundationuk.org">http://www.rainforestfoundationuk.org</a></p>
39.	Which prominent South African politician chose to be buried in an eco-coffin?	<p><b>Professor Kader Asmal</b>  <i>The late Professor was the South African Minister for Water Affairs and Forestry. He helped found the innovative Working for Water programme in South Africa, which works to clear invasive alien trees which affect the water table levels around the country.</i></p> <p><i>Professor Kader Asmal was also a professor of human rights and founder of the British and Irish Anti-apartheid movements.</i></p> <p>Source: <a href="http://www.arcworld.org">http://www.arcworld.org</a></p>
40.	Which Hollywood actor has a Central American ant named after him?	<p><b>Harrison Ford!</b>  Harrison Ford is Vice Chairman of Conservation International, and won the Global Environmental Citizen Award in 2002.</p> <p>Source:  <a href="http://www.allamericanspeakers.com/Green_Celebrities_&amp;Green_Speakers.php">http://www.allamericanspeakers.com/Green_Celebrities_&amp;Green_Speakers.php</a></p>

**Section 5: Picture round (see separate sheet for pictures)**

41.	Identify the picture	Jubilee Debt Campaign logo
42.	Identify the picture	Oxfam logo
43.	Identify the picture	Annie Lennox
44.	Identify the picture	Ban Ki Moon (UN Secretary General)
45.	Identify the picture	David Attenborough
46.	Unscramble the name	Al Gore
47.	Identify the country	Peru
48.	Identify the country	The Sudan
49.	Identify the country	Myanmar (Burma)
50.	Identify the country	Kazakstan

<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>/54</b>
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